

## RUMANIAN TROOPS CROSS RIVER INTO BULGARIA

ON UPPER REACHES OF RIVER  
NEAR RUSTCHUK AND TORTUKAI  
REACH SOUTH BANK OF STREAM

(By Republican Associated Press Leased Wire)

The Rumanians have invaded Bulgaria. On the upper reaches of the Danube, between the fortified towns of Rustchuk and Tortukai, where the river begins its bend northeastward, leaving Bulgarian territory and separating Rumania proper from Dobruja, the troops of Rumania have made their way to the southern bank of the stream.

Just how many men were thrown across the river is not disclosed in either the Rumanian or German official communications, but the strategic value of the maneuvers seemingly is two-fold.

Ninety miles eastward from Tortukai, which lies at the western extremity of southern Dobruja, is Varna, Bulgaria's chief seaport on the Black sea. If sufficient men have been sent across the river and are sent along the Dobruja-Bulgarian frontier toward Varna, not alone would the seaport be in danger, but the move would constitute a serious menace toward the isolation of the German, Bulgarian and Turkish forces operating against the Rumanians to the north.

Simultaneously with the announcement of the crossing of the Danube, comes a report from Bucharest that a fresh attack along the entire front in Dobruja has resulted in the defeat of center and right flanks of the troops of the central powers.

In Transylvania the Rumanians on both sides of the Great Kukul river have advanced against the Teutonic allies, while westward in the vicinity of Orsova and near Petroseny, the Austro-Hungarians have captured positions from the Rumanians.

The fighting in Galicia with Lemberg the stake has resulted in successes for the Teutonic allies. On the Zolochoff road, the Teutons recaptured the ground lost last Saturday, according to both Berlin and Vienna, and made prisoner 2,300 Russians, while in the Narayuvka and Zlotia Loia sectors the Russians repulsed vicious attacks of the Teutons, inflicting heavy casualties and capturing 1,600 men. In the Lutske region of Volhynia, the Russian army was repulsed.

On the front in France the Germans at Eaucourt l'Abbaye in fierce fighting regained a footing in some of the buildings of that town, but west of Gueudecourt and east of Courcellette the British improved their positions.

On the part of the line held by the French, the men of General Foch made progress east of Bouavres and repulsed an attack south of the Somme in the region of Verdun. Inclement weather again has impeded the operations in the Somme region.

Little additional news of the fighting on the Macedonian front has come to hand. The troops of both sides along the front apparently are continuing their attacks and counter attacks, with no notable successes for either. Aside from bombardments, which are especially severe on the Carso plateau, little fighting is taking place on the Austro-Italian front.

One person was killed and one injured and small damage resulted from the Zeppelin raid over England Sunday night.

## Dramatic Counter Stroke

LONDON, Oct. 2.—Brief announcements from both Bucharest and Berlin that the Rumanians had crossed the Danube south of their capital and invaded Bulgaria was the only news of this important move in that theater to reach here tonight. The morning newspapers, however, had the maneuver as a dramatic counter stroke against the Bulgarians for the defeat the Rumanians suffered at Hermannstadt.

The Times says it hopes the Rumanians did not cross with small forces because the river is wide and the southern bank higher than the northern, so that all disadvantages of position are against the Rumanians. In any case the crossing threatens the rear of Field Marshal von Mackensen's forces in Dobruja.

The Germans succeeded in regaining a footing in the buildings of Eaucourt l'Abbaye, taken by the British Sunday. It was stated in the British official statement tonight.

The steamers Hafnia and Hekla, both Norwegian, have been sunk by a Ger-

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## PACKING PLANT BURNS

(By Republican Associated Press Leased Wire)

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 2.—Fire in the Morris and Company packing plant entirely gutted that structure tonight, entailing a loss estimated at \$750,000. The loss is covered by insurance, according to local officials of the company. The fire started in the sausage department and rapidly worked its way through the plant. The offices, the fertilizer and beef killing plants were the only departments saved.

Seven hundred employees of the Morris company helped the firemen fight the flames. The fire started at 5:30 p. m. and it was midnight before it was under control.

NEW YORK NOW FACING  
SERIOUS FAMINE OF MILK

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—In the face of a serious milk shortage in this city because of the controversy between the dairymen's league and individual distributors, Health Commissioner Emerson declared emphatically late today that there would be no relaxation in the rigid inspection of the supply by his department. He asserted he was more interested in quality of milk than in quantity and that the standard could not be lowered, no matter how acute the shortage became.

Dr. Emerson's announcement was made at a conference attended by John J. Dillon, state commissioner of foods and markets, who has been empowered by members of the league to make contracts for its members and by the leading milk distributors of the city. Neither side had asked Dr. Emerson for a temporary lowering of the milk standard to meet the present emergency. Milk brought to the city from unusual sources will be subjected to a particularly severe inspection, he stated. Dr. Emerson declared reports received from inspectors of food departments indicated that about 75 per cent of the normal supply was received in the city today. Mr. Dillon asserted that the shortage would become more acute as the week advanced.

## To Investigate Situation

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 2.—A sweeping investigation of the milk situation in the state, with a view to applying a remedy, was ordered tonight by Attorney General Woodbury. He designated Deputy Attorney General Merton E. Lewis, who was counsel to the Thompson Public Service committee investigation committee, to conduct the inquiry, and announced that application

for the appointment of a non-partisan referee to take testimony "would be made to the courts at once."

The investigation was authorized after the receipt of complaints from both milk dealers and producing farmers, alleging that conspiracies in restraint of the milk trade existed.

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Fairbanks Says Wilson's

Charges "Base Utterance"

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 1.—

Charles Warren Fairbanks, republican

candidate for vice president, speaking

in the Auditorium theater tonight

his sixth address of the day, de-

scribed as a "base utterance," such

charges as that made by President

Wilson Saturday at Shadow Lawn,

when he said "certain prospect of

republican success" in November

would be the use of force in Mexico

and entanglement of this country in

the embroilments of the European

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The suggestion which is now and

then heard, Mr. Fairbanks said, "to

the effect that republican victory will

lead to our entering the European

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not warrant.

Mr. Hughes, as president would

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means of war—but as an assurance

against it. Not one word that has

HUGHES IS CERTAIN

OF THREE BIG STATES

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—A report that Hughes and Fairbanks will carry New York, Connecticut and New Jersey was brought to western republican national headquarters today by Frank H. Hitchcock, who devoted several weeks to a study of politics in the east before coming to Chicago. He said that the sentiment in New York state outside of New York city appeared to be overwhelmingly for Hughes. In New York City, he said, there was considerable doubt as to the situation. Favorable reports also were received from West Virginia, Hitchcock said.

NOT SO CERTAIN  
SWEDEN REALLY  
IS IMPARTIAL

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The relations between Sweden and the entire powers are attracting unusual attention here, and there is every indication that the situation threatens to become somewhat tense. With the dispute as to mail seizures still unsettled, there now has arisen the charge by the entente that the neutrality of Sweden is not so loyal and impartial as it should be. This has drawn from Stockholm a reply as tart and crisp as some of the notes in the mail controversy which were characterized by Viscount Grey as containing words not usually found in diplomatic correspondence.

Confidence is expressed in the tact and ability of the British minister to Sweden, Sir Esmé Howard, to handle Great Britain's interests, for he already has done much to smooth over many points of friction that have arisen since the war began. Sir Esmé has been given full authority to act in mail disputes and is co-operating with the other entente diplomats at Stockholm in making representations as to the latest matters in controversy.

The new point of contact with Sweden is the outgrowth of the practice of belligerent shipping in using Swedish territorial waters for all Baltic traffic. Within the safety of this neutral three-mile limit, English and other ships of the entente nations have sailed defiantly into and out of the Baltic, paying not the slightest heed to the German fleet looking on from the outer waters. Similarly, German merchant ships have sailed up and down the west coast of Sweden, heavily laden with foodstuffs and iron ores, while Russian destroyers in the northern reaches of the Baltic have been important to act.

This practice placed a heavy responsibility upon Sweden and kept her fleet busy day and night patrolling the territorial waters in protection of the belligerent traders, despite which precautions there were nevertheless violations of Swedish neutrality. Sweden also served notice that her naval commanders had been instructed to fire upon all submarines found prowling within the three-mile limit. This policy scarcely had been announced when news came of the successful trip of the Deutschland from Bremen to Baltimore, and there are the questions as to whether Swedish warships would fire at sight of a German merchant submarine or whether they would only fire at entente allied submarines, knowing these powers were not using commercial under-water boats.

The situation was further complicated by a later determination of the Swedish government to close the Kogrnad channel and to prohibit the passage of Swedish vessels. Then the entente allies decided to protest. According to reports received here, there was much excitement in Stockholm when the

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SINGLE HANDED  
ROUTS GERMAN  
ADVANCE PARTY

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 2.—A tale of a corporal in an eastern Ontario battalion of the Canadian forces in France, who, single handed, charged a party of twenty-two Germans advancing to an attack and killed or wounded all of them except one whom he took prisoner, is related by the official Canadian "base witness" in a dispatch received today.

"As a result of further severe fighting, the Canadians have captured several important German positions of nearly two miles to a maximum depth of 900 yards," the dispatch says.

"The Germans have fought hard and their resistance has been formidable. To minimize the slaughter and preserve which the Canadians have attained. We have, in this fighting, advanced in close co-operation and by every account received, we have inflicted severe losses upon the Germans."

"Our artillery support has been magnificent and by the sheer weight of metal which the Germans have hurled upon the Canadians, they made it humanly possible for the infantry to come into close contact with the enemy. When this has occurred there has never been any doubt as to the outcome."

In the course of all this desperate fighting, there have been innumerable instances of the most courageous and devoted actions, impossible at present to detail.

The case of a corporal of an eastern Ontario battalion is, however, one of the most extraordinary ever received. The battalion had severely captured a line of German trenches, where a party of the enemy, 29 men, began a counter attack.

"The corporal advanced alone against the whole party, emptied his revolver, picked up first one and then another German rifle, each of which he emptied for the enemy. He was shooting one of the officers who checked him with a bayonet and the rest of the enemy attempted to escape. The corporal shot four of them and made the fifth a prisoner. Although wounded, he remained in the trenches until his battalion was relieved."

HUGHES STILL RESTING

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Charles E. Hughes spent the day resting and doing correspondence which he accumulated during his late speaking campaign. He says he will go to Montclair to rest until the first of the week. He will begin another speaking tour next week.

GOETHALS IN NEW YORK

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Major General George W. Goethals, governor of the Panama canal zone, arrived here tonight from Colon on the steamship Pastore. The United Fruit line. General Goethals did not expect to return to the canal zone as he plans to retire from the army in December.

Kansas City Not

Strong For Hanly

And His Special

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 2.—The prohibition national candidate closed his second day of speaking to small Kansas crowds today and tonight came across the Kaw for a meeting here where in the coming state-wide wet and dry fight is seen. Striking out northwest for here tomorrow, Hughes will visit several Kansas and Missouri cities.

Both J. Frank Hanly and Ira Landrum, candidates for president and vice president, respectively, pleaded with Kansas people at every city again today to get actively into the national fight, but little enthusiasm was manifested.

Kanans in the opinion of some of the campaigners, has had prohibition too long to arouse much interest in the nation-wide fight.

Hanly declared that from Colonel Roosevelt's speech in Battle Creek, on Saturday night he seemed to be "laboring under the impression that he was nominated at Chicago."

"Roosevelt's endorsement of Hughes is not enough," he said at Topeka. "His ability as an underwriter of presidents is too well known to the American people. They do not forget that he underwrote William Howard Taft."

TUCSON IS SHAKEN  
BY DYNAMITE BOMB

(Special to The Republican)

TUCSON, Oct. 2.—Ling Sanz Polo, former wealthy banker of the Guatemalan Film company of this place and Nogales, is under arrest on suspicion of complicity in a bomb outrage that partially destroyed the garage of Don Teofilo Aros, a well to do local cattlemen here at 2:20 this morning.

The evidence on which Polo is held, is all circumstantial, and there is much doubt that he can be connected with the dynamiting.

Don blood has existed between Aros and Polo since both became dissatisfied over deals involving the Guatemalan Film company, a mushroom movie outfit that was promoted here, which, but not overburden this film market with any output.

Residents in the neighborhood of the Aros home, and people of Tucson generally, were blown into wakefulness early this morning, when a bomb exploded under the Aros garage. Three automobiles were damaged and the side of the building was blown into the street. Three of the Aroses, Aros, Gustavo, Randolph and Teofilo Junior, who were sleeping

in one end of the garage, were blown from their beds, but not injured. Two hundred and fifty windows, all within two blocks of the garage, were shattered.

The trouble between Aros and Ling Sanz Polo broke out about two months ago, when the former had Polo arrested. Polo had left an automobile in the Aros' private garage, and when he went to get it, found Aros had claimed it. He put up a fight for the car and was arrested.

Aros, who is interested in mines, has had some trouble with his laborers, and this fact attracted the attention of the dynamite plot might have hatched in the fertile brain of some hard rock miner.

Polo got into the news columns a year ago last March, when with two other well to do young Nogales Americans, he drove a new automobile over the flood cut bank of the Santa Cruz river a mile from here, one dark night. Another car, following that of Polo, catapulted over it and the two whirled in the air and landed in two tangled heaps on the soft sandy bed of the creek, forty feet below the road. By a miracle, nobody was hurt.

BASEBALL POOL  
IS REVEALED IN  
RAID IN CHICAGO

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—While Federal Judge Landis continued today to draw from reluctant witnesses, testimony of national politics left New York today for a speaking tour of the country. It was with a farewell demonstration worthy of the novelty and significance of the undertaking that the women's Hughes campaign train pulled out of Grand Central terminal at 11 o'clock for its five weeks' transcontinental trip.

"Right on time, too," sighed a woman in the great crowd on the platform. Those who had come to see the train off swept through the gates in a long and steady stream, waving their flags, tooting their horns and singing loudly whenever the band played anything with words to it.

"I tell you, a woman knows how to do things," went on the woman, whispering vehemently and near to tears. The little company gathered in the observation car and almost completely hidden by the flag which Dr. Katharine Benedict waved up and down and around and around, seemed a very slight one to fill the long train on ahead; but other women are to join the party on the way, to go as far as they can, or through those parts of the country with which they are best acquainted. The company consisted of Miss Mary Antin, Mrs. Charles Sumner, Miss Helen Varick Roswell, Miss Elizabeth Cutting, Dr. Davis, Mrs. William Curtis Demorest, Mrs. William Einstein, Mrs. George Harvey, Mrs. Nelson H. Henry, Mrs. Alexander Kohn, Miss Madeleine H. Miner, Mrs. Henry Moskowitz, Mrs. Gifford Pichot, Mrs. Nelson O'Shaughnessy, and Mrs. Travis Whitney. Among those who will join the train at other places are Mrs. Raymond Robins, Miss Harriet Vittum and others.

Traffic was turned off onto Madison avenue for a while, until the long procession could take place in Oakland cemetery, Little Rock.

SENATOR CLARKE'S FUNERAL

(Republican A. P. Leased Wire)

LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 2.—The funeral of United States Senator James P. Clarke, who died at his home here yesterday, will be held from the family residence at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Burial will take place in Oakland cemetery, Little Rock.

WILSON HEADQUARTERS ENLISTING

POSTMASTERS IN NATIONAL FIGHT

(Special to The Republican)

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Postmasters are sought as aids in the pro-Wilson campaign by the democratic national organization, apparently in violation of the law and of the declaration of the leader of the democratic ticket, as evidenced by material received today by William R. Wilcox, chairman of the republican national committee.

A fourth class postmaster who knows that he is prohibited by statute from political activity and who respects the law, sent the democratic national committee's communication to Mr. Wilcox.

It is a pamphlet issued by and with the compliments of the democratic national committee organization bureau. It is entitled "Wilson Work-ers Annual" and is rubber stamped "sample, additional copies on request."

The envelope has "postmaster" printed in large letters and the name of its postoffice is typewritten. The envelope is postmarked at the Grand Central station branch postoffice, the nearest to the democratic national committee offices in East Second street.

"This is an evidence of direct effort to procure violation of the law by federal employees for the benefit of the democratic national ticket" and

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Oct. 2.—A committee representing fifty mining and smelting companies operating in Mexico protested today to the American members of the Mexican-American joint commission against what they called "confiscatory decrees" in that country, and urged the return to the old methods of taxation.

William Loeb, Jr., representing the American Smelting and Refining company, headed the delegation. The other members were: Perry Bruster, American Metals company; D. J. Hoff, Phelps-Dodge company; George Young, Greene-Cannara. Copper company; Charles Early, United Smelters and Julian W. Beatty, American Metals company. It was the first time that they have appeared before the American or Mexican commissioners.

In the mass of statistics submitted to the American commissioners was a statement showing the decrease in the output of metal since 1912. According to these figures the output in 1912 was: Silver 33,000,000 ounces; gold 233,000 ounces; copper 74,900 tons; zinc 46,000 tons, and lead 65,000 tons.

The figures for the first six months of 1916 were given as: Silver 6,000,000 ounces; gold 380,000 ounces; copper 23,000 tons; zinc 11,000 tons and lead 3,000 tons.

They told the American commissioners that the export taxes on gold and silver had been increased to four times what they were in 1912, and that now a heavy tax was placed on lead, copper and zinc where none had been imposed. They also placed before the commissioners a statement showing heavy increases in other taxes affecting the industry and characterized them as confiscatory since the low grades of a great quantity of the ores produced made impracticable the operation of mines under such conditions.

Many forfeitures already have been forced, according to the committee. The actual investment of the companies represented was placed at \$215,000,000. The American commissioners were assured that the mining operators are prepared to make the government contributions which are "not in the nature of arbitrary action and which do not involve the practical confiscation of property and make impossible the operation of their enterprises on a business basis."

Secretary of Interior Lane made public the memorandum presented by the mining men and said that the commissioners would confer with them again tomorrow. They came here at the request of the American commissioners who wanted their statement of conditions because of the mass of contradictory evidence.

The joint session of the commission earlier in the day was marked by presentation by the Mexicans of a plan of border patrols which included the withdrawal of the American forces. The Mexicans assured the American commissioners that they would carry out the promises they were prepared to make and that in the future the military forces of Mexico would adequately safeguard the border. The details of the plan were not disclosed.

Guard Officers Resign

DOUGLAS, Oct. 2.—Officers of the signal corps attached to the New Jersey militia have tendered their resignations, which have been approved by Colonel Van Walraven, commanding the Fifth New Jersey infantry, and forwarded to General Funston. It was learned here today that members of the signal corps, who announced their resignations, said the officers' action followed the receipt of orders to proceed to Nogales, Ariz. The cavalry and artillery second regiments of the New Jersey troops have received instructions to leave Saturday for home stations.

The field hospital company and B battery, District of Columbia militia, have occupied the camp formerly held by the First New Jersey infantry.

Funston Inspects Camps

CORPUS CHRISTI, Oct. 2.—Major General Funston spent today here inspecting Camp Curry and reviewing the 3,000 men of the Second and Third Texas infantry. He was accompanied by General James Parker, commanding troops in the Brownsville district.

General Funston, who left tonight for San Antonio, said he was well pleased with the condition of the men and camps in the Brownsville district.

Neutrality Being Investigated

EL PASO, Oct. 2.—United States district court opened here today and the grand jury is now making an investigation of a number of alleged neutral persons.

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Guardsmen Volunteer To  
March For Gov. Hughes

(Special to The Republican)

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—At a meeting of a national guard unit of 60 men, just held in New York, the captain took a vote upon whether the company should go to Washington March 4, 1917, to march in the inaugural parade, as it has at previous inaugurations.

The company is composed largely of laboring men and city men, most of them are union men, plumbers, ex-

crossmen, motormen and workers in other trades.

"If President Wilson is re-elected," said the captain, "who wants to go to Washington to march in the inaugural parade?" Not a man spoke.

"If Governor Hughes is elected," was the second question, "will every man who wants to go to Washington to march rise?"